Title: USE OF PROEPITHELIN TO PROMOTE WOUND REPAIR AND REDUCE INFLAMMATION

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## IN THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Original) A therapeutic method comprising enhancing wound healing in a mammal afflicted with a wound comprising administering an effective amount of a composition comprising proepithelin (PEPI) or a subunit thereof to said mammal.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the composition further comprises an effective amount of secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor (SLPI), or a subunit thereof.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the proepithelin comprises an amino acid sequence having any one of SEQ ID NO:1, 2, 4, or 5.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor comprises an amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:7 or SEQ ID NO:9.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the proepithelin is produced recombinantly.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the proepithelin is encoded by a nucleic acid comprising SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:6.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the mammal is a human.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the wound involves epithelial tissue.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the wound involves skin, respiratory tract, kidney, uterus or cervix.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the wound involves connective tissue.

- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the wound is due to surgical intervention.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the wound is created by accidental trauma.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the proepithelin or subunit thereof is administered prior to creation of the wound.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor or subunit thereof is administered prior to creation of the wound.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the proepithelin or subunit thereof is administered after the wound occurs.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor or subunit thereof is administered after the wound occurs.
- 17. (Original) The method of claims 1, wherein the proepithelin or subunit thereof is administered parenterally, by injection, infusion, or topical application.
- 18. (Original) The method of claims 1, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor or subunit thereof is administered parenterally, by injection, infusion, or topical application.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the mammal has a deficiency of endogenous proepithelin, secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor or both.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the rate of wound healing is enhanced.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein inflammation is inhibited.

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22. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the proepithelin subunit is an inter-EP1 linker region.

- 23. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the SLPI subunit comprises the C-terminal domain or a subunit thereof.
- 24. (Original) A therapeutic method comprising inhibiting inflammation in a mammal afflicted with a wound comprising administering an effective amount of a composition comprising proepithelin (PEPI) or a subunit thereof to said mammal.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the composition further comprises an effective amount of secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor (SLPI), or a subunit thereof.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the proepithelin comprises an amino acid sequence having any one of SEQ ID NO:1, 2, 4, or 5.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor comprises an amino acid sequence SEO ID NO:7 or SEO ID NO:9.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the proepithelin is produced recombinantly.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 28, wherein the proepithelin is encoded by a nucleic acid comprising SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:6.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the mammal is a human.
- 31. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the wound involves epithelial tissue.

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- 32. (Original) The method of claim 24 wherein the wound involves skin, respiratory tract, kidney, uterus or cervix.
- 33. (Original) The method of claim 24 wherein the wound involves connective tissue.
- 34. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the wound is due to surgical intervention.
- 35. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the wound is created by accidental trauma.
- 36. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the proepithelin or subunit thereof is administered prior to creation of the wound.
- 37. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor or subunit thereof is administered prior to creation of the wound.
- 38. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the proepithelin or subunit thereof is administered after the wound occurs.
- 39. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor or subunit thereof is administered after the wound occurs.
- 40. (Original) The method of claims 24, wherein the proepithelin or subunit thereof is administered parenterally, by injection, infusion, or topical application.
- 41. (Original) The method of claims 24, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor or subunit thereof is administered parenterally, by injection, infusion, or topical application.
- 42. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the mammal has a deficiency of endogenous proepithelin, secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor or both.

- 43. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the rate of wound healing is enhanced.
- 44. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein inflammation is inhibited.
- 45. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the proepithelin subunit is an inter-EP1 linker region.
- 46. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the SLPI subunit comprises the C-terminal domain or a subunit thereof.
- 47. (Original) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of proepithelin, or a subunit thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 48. (Original) The composition of claim 47, wherein the effective amount can enhance or accelerate wound healing.
- 49. (Original) The composition of claim 47, wherein the effective amount can reduce inflammation.
- 50. (Original) The composition of claim 47, wherein the proepithelin or subunit thereof is of human origin.
- 51. (Original) The composition of claim 47, wherein the proepithelin or subunit thereof comprises a polypeptide having amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:1, 2, 4 or 5.
- 52. (Original) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of proepithelin, or a subunit thereof, in combination with SLPI, or a subunit thereof, and in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

RESPONSE TO RESTRICTION REQUIREMENT

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53. (Original) The composition of claim 52, wherein the effective amount can enhance or accelerate wound healing.

- 54. (Original) The composition of claim 52, wherein the effective amount can reduce inflammation.
- 55. (Original) The composition of claim 52, wherein the proepithelin or subunit thereof and/or SLPI or subunit thereof are of human origin.
- 56. (Original) The composition of claim 52, wherein the proepithelin or subunit thereof comprises a polypeptide having amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:1, 2, 4 or 5.
- 57. (Original) The composition of claim 52, wherein the SLPI or subunit thereof comprises a polypeptide having amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:7 or 9.